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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/960,504 09/24/2001		Jung-kwon Heo	1293.1187	7211
21171	7590 08/23/2004		EXAMINER	
STAAS & HALSEY LLP			CANGIALOSI, SALVATORE A	
SUITE 700 1201 NEW YORK AVENUE, N.W.			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
WASHINGTON, DC 20005			3621	: .
			DATE MAILED: 08/23/2004	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Applicat	ion No	Anglianata)			
{		Applicat	ion No.	Applicant(s)			
Office Action Summary		09/960,5	504	HEO, JUNG-KWON			
		Examine	or	Art Unit			
			e Cangialosi	3621			
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply							
THE MAILIN - Extensions of the after SIX (6) M - If the period form of the six of the	NED STATUTORY PERIOD F IG DATE OF THIS COMMUN time may be available under the provisions (ONTHS from the mailing date of this common reply specified above is less than thirty (3 or reply is specified above, the maximum significant of the provision of the prov	ICATION. s of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no e munication. 30) days, a reply within the sta tatutory period will apply and y will, by statute, cause the ap	vent, however, may a reply be ti atutory minimum of thirty (30) da will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from plication to become ABANDON	imely filed ys will be considered timely. In the mailing date of this communication. ED (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status							
1)⊠ Respo	onsive to communication(s) file	ed on 03 January 20	02.				
· · ·	This action is FINAL . 2b)⊠ This action is non-final.						
	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Disposition of	Claims						
4a) Of 5) ☐ Claim(6) ☑ Claim(7) ☐ Claim(4) Claim(s) 1-42 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration. 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 1-42 is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.						
Application Pa	pers						
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.							
10)∐ The dra	10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.						
Applica	Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d). 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.							
Priority under 3	35 U.S.C. § 119						
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 							
Attachment(s)							
Notice of Draf Information D	erences Cited (PTO-892) ftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (Fisclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or Mail Date		4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail D 5) Notice of Informal D 6) Other:				

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1. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. § 103 which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Subject matter developed by another person, which qualifies as prior art only under subsection (f) or (g) of section 102 of this title, shall not preclude patentability under this section where the subject matter and the claimed invention were, at the time the invention was made, owned by the same person or subject to an obligation of assignment to the same person.

2. Claims 1-42 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 103 as being unpatentable over Ishiquro in view of Loiacono.

Regarding claim 1, Ishiguro (See Fig. 5) disclose the well known means for recording copies of plain text stored data files in a second encrypted format when copied substantially as claimed. The differences between the above and the claimed invention is the use of management of the copied data. It is noted that it is believed that encryption is a clear equivalent of a different coding format. Loiacono (See Figs. 1-2) show a copy management means with copy control. It would have been obvious to the person having ordinary skill in this art to provide a similar arrangement for Ishiguro because copy protection schemes require a copy management means for billing

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and usage determination control which are functional equivalents of the claim limitations. Regarding the different coding limitations of claim 2, the use of a encryption in Ishiguro is a functional equivalent of a different encoding. Regarding control limitations of claim 3, Loiacono obviously employ rights management counters substantially as claimed. Regarding control limitations of claim 4, Loiacono obviously employ rights management counters which are the functional equivalents of the Regarding claim 5, Ishiguro (See Fig. 5) disclose the well known data structure for recording copies of plain text stored data files in a second encrypted format when copied substantially as claimed. The differences between the above and the claimed invention is the use of management of the copied data. It is noted that it is believed that encryption is a clear equivalent of a different coding format. Loiacono (See Figs. 1-2) show a copy management means with copy control. would have been obvious to the person having ordinary skill in this art to provide a similar arrangement for Ishiguro because copy protection schemes require a copy management means for billing and usage determination control which are functional equivalents of the claim limitations. Regarding control imitations of claim 6, Loiacono obviously employ rights management counters which are the functional equivalents of the Regarding claim 7, Ishiguro (See Fig. 5) disclose the well known method for recording copies of plain text stored data

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files in a second encrypted format when copied substantially as claimed. The differences between the above and the claimed invention is the use of management of the copied data. noted that it is believed that encryption is a clear equivalent of a different coding format. Loiacono (See Figs. 1-2) show a copy management means with copy control. It would have been obvious to the person having ordinary skill in this art to provide a similar arrangement for Ishiguro because copy protection schemes require a copy management means for billing and usage determination control which are functional equivalents of the claim limitations. Regarding control limitations of claim 8, Loiacono obviously employ rights management counters substantially as claimed. Regarding control limitations of claim 9, Loiacono obviously employ rights management counters substantially as claimed. Regarding claim 10, Ishiguro (See Fig. 5) disclose the well known means for recording copies of plain text stored data files in a second encrypted format when copied substantially as claimed. The differences between the above and the claimed invention is the use of management of the copied data. It is noted that it is believed that encryption is a clear equivalent of a different coding format. Loiacono (See Figs. 1-2) show a copy management means with copy control. would have been obvious to the person having ordinary skill in this art to provide a similar arrangement for Ishiguro because copy protection schemes require a copy management means for

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billing and usage determination control which are functional equivalents of the claim limitations. Regarding claim 11, Ishiguro (See Fig. 5) disclose the well known means for recording copies of plain text stored data files in a second encrypted format when copied substantially as claimed. The differences between the above and the claimed invention is the use of management of the copied data. It is noted that it is believed that encryption is a clear equivalent of a different coding format. Loiacono (See Figs. 1-2) show a copy management means with copy control. It would have been obvious to the person having ordinary skill in this art to provide a similar arrangement for Ishiguro because copy protection schemes require a copy management means for billing and usage determination control which are functional equivalents of the claim limitations. Regarding control limitations of claim 12, Loiacono obviously employ rights management which are the functional equivalents of the claims. Regarding control limitations of claim 13, Loiacono obviously employ rights management which are the functional equivalents of the claims. Regarding control limitations of claim 14, Loiacono obviously employ rights management which are the functional equivalents of the claims. Regarding the different coding limitations of claim 15, the use of encryption in Ishiguro is a functional equivalent of a different encoding. Regarding control limitations of claim 16, Loiacono obviously employ rights management which are the

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functional equivalents of the claims. Regarding copy control limitations of claim 17, Loiacono obviously employ rights management which are the functional equivalents of the claims. Regarding ownership limitations of claim 18, Loiacono obviously employ rights management which are the functional equivalents of the claims. Regarding the coding limitations of claim 19, the use of original plain text in Ishiguro is a functional equivalent of the claimed limitations. Regarding the network limitations of claim 20, the use of same in Ishiquro is conventional. Regarding the disk limitations of claim 21, the use of element 1 in Ishiguro is a functional equivalent of the claimed limitations. Regarding the different coding limitations of claim 22, the use of decryption in Ishiguro is a functional equivalent of the claimed limitations. Regarding the multiple coding limitations of claim 23, the use of hierarchal encryption in Ishiguro is a functional equivalent of the claimed limitations. Regarding the network limitations of claim 24, the use of same in Ishiguro is conventional. Regarding claim 25, Ishiguro (See Fig. 5) disclose the well known means for recording copies of plain text stored data files in a second encrypted format when copied substantially as claimed. The differences between the above and the claimed invention is the use of management of the copied data. noted that it is believed that encryption is a clear equivalent of a different coding format. Loiacono (See Figs. 1-2) show a copy management means with copy control. It would have been

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obvious to the person having ordinary skill in this art to provide a similar arrangement for Ishiguro because copy protection schemes require a copy management means for billing and usage determination control which are functional equivalents of the claim limitations. Regarding the coding limitations of claim 26, the use of encryption in Ishiguro is a functional equivalent of the claimed limitations. Regarding the network limitations of claim 27, the use of same in Ishiguro is conventional. Regarding claim 28, Ishiguro (See Fig. 5) disclose the well known means for recording copies of plain text stored data files in a second encrypted format when copied substantially as claimed. The differences between the above and the claimed invention is the use of management of the copied data. It is noted that it is believed that encryption is a clear equivalent of a different coding format. Loiacono (See Figs. 1-2) show a copy management means with copy control. It would have been obvious to the person having ordinary skill in this art to provide a similar arrangement for Ishiguro because copy protection schemes require a copy management means for billing and usage determination control which are functional equivalents of the claim limitations. Regarding the coding limitations of claim 29, the use of encryption in Ishiguro is a functional equivalent of the claimed limitations. Regarding copy control limitations of claim 30, Loiacono obviously employ rights management which are the functional equivalents of the claims.

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Regarding copy control limitations of claim 31, Loiacono obviously employ rights management which are the functional equivalents of the claims. Regarding the network limitations of claim 32, the use of same in Ishiguro is conventional. Regarding the disk limitations of claim 33, the use of element 1 in Ishiguro is a functional equivalent of the claimed limitations. Regarding claim 34, Ishiguro (See Fig. 5) disclose the well known means for recording copies of plain text stored data files in a second encrypted format when copied substantially as claimed. The differences between the above and the claimed invention is the use of management of the copied data. It is noted that it is believed that encryption is a clear equivalent of a different coding format. Loiacono (See Figs. 1-2) show a copy management means with copy control. It would have been obvious to the person having ordinary skill in this art to provide a similar arrangement for Ishiguro because copy protection schemes require a copy management means for billing and usage determination control which are functional equivalents of the claim limitations. Regarding rights limitations of claim 35, Loiacono obviously employ rights management which are the functional equivalents of the claims. Regarding owner limitations of claim 36, Loiacono obviously employ rights management which are the functional equivalents of the claims. Regarding the coding limitations of claim 37, the use of encryption in Ishiguro is a functional equivalent of the claimed limitations. Regarding the

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coding limitations of claim 38, the use of encryption in Ishiguro is a functional equivalent of the claimed limitations. Regarding owner limitations of claim 39, Loiacono obviously employ rights management which are the functional equivalents of the claims. Regarding the coding limitations of claim 40, the use of encryption in Ishiguro is a functional equivalent of the claimed limitations. Regarding the audio limitations of claim 41, the use of digital video disk DVD(Col. 1, line 30) in Ishiguro is a functional equivalent of the claimed limitations. Regarding the image limitations of claim 42, the use of digital video disk DVD(Col. 1, line 30) in Ishiguro is a functional equivalent of the claimed limitations.

Any inquiry concerning this communication should be directed to Salvatore Cangialosi at telephone number (703) 305-1837. If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, James Trammell, can be reached at (703) 305-9768.

Any response to this action should be mailed to:

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Commissioner of Patent and Trademarks Washington, D.C. 20231

or faxed to (703)872-9306

Hand delivered responses should be brought to Crystal Park
V, 2451 Crystal Drive, Arlington, Virginia, Seventh
Floor(Receptionist).

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the Technology Center 3600 Customer Service Office whose telephone number is (703) 308-4177.

SALVATORE CANGIALOSI
PRIMARY EXAMINER
ART UNIT 222